## 1 John 1:1-4 Greek-English Interlinear

What was from beginning, what we-have-heard, what we-have-seen with-the eyes of-us  $^{1}$   $^{\circ}$ O  $^{\circ}$ Λ $^{(i)}$   $^{\circ}$ απ'  $^{\circ}$ Λαμεν $^{(p)}$ ς  $^{\circ}$ Λαμεν $^{(p)}$ Λαμεν $^{(p)}$ ς  $^{\circ}$ Λαμεν $^{(p)}$ Λαμεν $^{($ 

indeed the life was-shown and we-saw and testify and proclaim to-you  $^2$  καὶ ἡ ζωὴ ἐφανερώθη $^{(a)}$ , καὶ ἑωράκαμεν $^{(p)}$  καὶ μαρτυροῦμεν καὶ ἀπαγγέλλομεν ὑμῖν

the life the timeless which was with the Father and was-shown to us τὴν ζωὴν τὴν αἰώνιον ἥτις ἦν $^{(l)}$  πρὸς τὸν πατέρα καὶ ἐφανερώθη $^{(a)}$  ἡμῖν —

have with us indeed the sharing and\* the our with the Father and with the Son ἔχητε μεθ' ἡμῶν· καὶ ἡ κοινωνία δὲ\* ἡ ἡμετέρα μετὰ τοῦ πατρὸς καὶ μετὰ τοῦ υἱοῦ

his Jesus Christ indeed these write we that the joy of-us be full αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ· ⁴ καὶ ταῦτα γράφομεν ἡμεῖς ἵνα ἡ χαρὰ ἡμῶν ἦ πεπληρωμένη<sup>(p)</sup>.

(a) aorist tense = event. (i) imperfect tense = on-going. (p) perfect tense = lasting effect.

<sup>\*</sup> δὲ This Greek conjunction always comes after the first word of a clause.