An Analysis of the Logic of Hebrews 11:1-40

Expansion

11:1 And: Faith brings hope to reality; faith brings proof of invisible realities.

Explanation

For: Our presupposition = the Word of God created the ages from the invisible.

<u>Examples</u>

11:3-5 **By faith:** *Antediluvian* saints received God's commendation (proof).

Explanation

- 11:6 **For:** Faith assumes God exists and waits on God to prove what he has promised.(*)
- 11:7 **By faith:** *Diluvian* saints saw the world judged whilst being saved.
- 11:8-12 **By faith:** *Postdiluvian* saints obeyed God in hope of his promises.

<u>Summary</u>

- 11:13-16 With faith: These died without receiving the promises that God has prepared for them. More examples
- 11:17-22 **By faith:** Abraham lived in tents in a land his descendants would inherit.
- 11:23-31 **By faith:** Moses and the Israelites sought and fought for a promised land.
- 11:32-38 **By faith:** Some elders won victories, whilst others were mistreated.

Application

11:39-40 **And:** God commended all of these, but they did not receive the promises that God has commended to us, making both them and us perfect.

(*) Classical scientific method:

Define terms and concepts (11:1): "faith, assurance, hope, reality, invisible, proof" State research question (11:2, 4-5): "What leads to God's commendation?" Identify presuppositions (11:3): "Visible outcomes have invisible causes." Describe cause-to-effect theory (11:6): "God exists, and he rewards seekers" State testable propositions: "faith \rightarrow pleased \rightarrow God" Conduct test: "seek God" [The test applies only to God's actual promises, not to human wishes.] Observe outcomes: "God rewards" Thus, science = faith in testable theories. Faith = science applied to God's promises. In the case of God's long-term promises, fulfillment may follow one's short life time.